
**Information technology — Security
techniques — Selection, deployment
and operations of intrusion detection
systems (IDPS)**

*Technologies de l'information — Techniques de sécurité — Sélection,
déploiement et opérations des systèmes de détection d'intrusion*



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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: [Foreword — Supplementary information](#).

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 27, *Security techniques*.

This first edition of ISO/IEC 27039 cancels and replaces ISO/IEC 18043:2006, which has been technically revised.

Legal notice

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Introduction

Organizations should not only know when, if, and how an intrusion of their network, system, or application occurs. They also should know what vulnerability was exploited and what safeguards or appropriate risk treatment options (i.e. risk modification, risk retention, risk avoidance, risk sharing) should be implemented to prevent similar intrusions in the future. Organizations should also recognize and deter cyber-based intrusions. This requires an analysis of host and network traffic and/or audit trails for attack signatures or specific patterns that usually indicate malicious or suspicious intent. In the mid-1990s, organizations began to use intrusion detection and prevention systems (IDPS) to fulfil these needs. The general use of IDPS continues to expand with a wider range of IDPS products being made available to satisfy an increasing level of organizational demands for advanced intrusion detection capability.

In order for an organization to derive the maximum benefits from IDPS, the process of IDPS selection, deployment, and operations should be carefully planned and implemented by properly trained and experienced personnel. In the case where this process is achieved, then IDPS products can assist an organization in obtaining intrusion information and can serve as an important security device within the overall information and communications technology (ICT) infrastructure.

This International Standard provides guidelines for effective IDPS selection, deployment, and operation, as well as fundamental knowledge about IDPS. It is also applicable to those organizations that are considering outsourcing their intrusion detection capabilities. Information about outsourcing service level agreements can be found in the IT service management (ITSM) processes based on ISO/IEC 20000 Series.

This International Standard is intended to be helpful to:

- a) An organization in satisfying the following requirements of ISO/IEC 27001:
 - The organization shall implement procedures and other controls capable of enabling prompt detection of and response to security incidents;
 - The organization shall execute monitoring and review procedures and other controls to properly identify attempted and successful security breaches and incidents.
- b) An organization in implementing controls that meet the following security objectives of ISO/IEC 27002:
 - To detect unauthorized information processing activities;
 - Systems should be monitored and information security events should be recorded. Operator logs and fault logging should be used to ensure information system problems are identified;
 - An organization should comply with all relevant legal requirements applicable to its monitoring and logging activities;
 - System monitoring should be used to check the effectiveness of controls adopted and to verify conformity to an access policy model.

An organization should recognize that deploying IDPS is not a sole and/or exhaustive solution to satisfy or meet the above-cited requirements. Furthermore, this International Standard is not intended as criteria for any kind of conformity assessments, e.g., information security management system (ISMS) certification, IDPS services or products certification.

Information technology — Security techniques — Selection, deployment and operations of intrusion detection systems (IDPS)

1 Scope

This International Standard provides guidelines to assist organizations in preparing to deploy intrusion detection and prevention systems (IDPS). In particular, it addresses the selection, deployment, and operations of IDPS. It also provides background information from which these guidelines are derived.